Vector Network Analyzer **(4 Ports)**____8GHz

Protek A338^{4 Ports}

Protek A338 vector network analyzer is one of a Protek network analyzer family line covering a wider frequency range up to 8.0GHz than 3.2GHz Protek A333 has. The convenience and reliability of Protek A338 is inherited from Protek A333 and by the wider frequency range, the more applications can be used with Protek A338 in many industries. CONTROL

PORT4 500

NETWORK ANALYZER SOOKHE-B.OGH2

PORT2 3

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Protek A338

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Key Features

- Frequrncy Range : 300kHz ~ 8GHz, 16 Parameters support (S11 ~ S44)
- Measurement time per point : 100us per point
- Wide Output Power Range : -6odBm to +1odBm
- Dynamic Range : >150dB (1Hz IF bandwidth)
- Time domain and gating conversion included
- Two Independent Signal Sources
- Frequency offset mode, including vector mixer calibration measurements
- Up to 16 logical channels with 16 traces each
- Multiple precision calibration methods and automatic calibration
- Up to 500,001 measurement points
- Fixture simulation

• COM/DCOM compatible for LabView and automation programming

Measurement Capabilities

Measured Parameters	S11, S22, S33, S44, S12, S13, S14, S21, S23, S24, S31, S32, S34, S41, S42, S43 and absolute power of the reference and received signals at the port.
Number of Measurement Channels	Up to 16 independent logical channels : each logical channel is represented on the screen as an individual channel window. A logical channel is defined by such stimulus signal setting as frequency range, number of test points, or power level.
Data Traces	Up to 16 data traces can be displayed in each channel window. A data trace represents one of such parameters of the DUT as S-parameters, response in time domain, input power response.
Memory Traces	Each of the 16 data traces can be saved into memory for further comparison with the current values.
Data Display Formats	Logarithmic magnitude, linear magnitude, phase, expanded phase, group delay, SWR, real part, imaginary part, Smith chart diagram and plar diagram display formats are available
Dynamic Rnage	Typical dynamic range of 150dB is achieved through the entire frequency range (at 1Hz IF bandwidth)
Low Measurement Errors	This devices have a low vatiation between a large pool of manufactured instruments. Low trace noise allows for particularly high-precision measurements.

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Key Features

Sweep Type	Linear frequency sweep, logarithmic frequecny sweep, and segment frequency sweep occur when the stimulus power is a fixed value. Linear power sweep occurs when frequency is a fixed value.
Measured Points Per Sweep	Set by the user from 2 to 500,001.
Segment Sweep Features	A frequency sweep within several independent user-defined segments. Frequency range, number of sweep points, source power, and IF Bandwidth should be set for each segment
Power	Source power from -6odBm to +10dBm with resolution of 0.05dB. In frequency sweep mode, the power slope can be set to up to 2dB/GHz for compensation of high frequency attenuation in connection wires.
Sweep Trigger	Trigger Modes : continuous, single, or hold. Trigger Sources : internal, manual, external, bus
Trace Functions	
Trace Display	Data trace, memory trace, or simultaneous indication of data and memory traces.
Trace Math	Data trace modification by math operations: addition, subtraction, multiplication or division of measured complex values and memory data.
Autoscaling	Automatic selection of scale division and reference level value allow the most effective display of the trace.
Electrical Delay	Calibration plane moving to compensate for the delay in the test setup. Compensation for electrical delay in a device under test (DUT) during measurements of deviation from linear phase.
Phase Offset	Phase offset is defined in degrees.
Frequency Scan Segmentation	This VNA has a large frequency range with the option of frequency scan segmentation. This allows optimal use of the device, for example, to realize the maximum dynamic range while maintaining high measurement speed.
Power Scanning and Compression Point Recognition	The power sweep feature turns compression point recognition, one of the most fundamental and complex amplifier measurements, into a simple and accurate operation
Balanced Measurements	This function enables evaluation of devices with balanced ports, for instance, differential amplifiers or transformers, as pictured here.

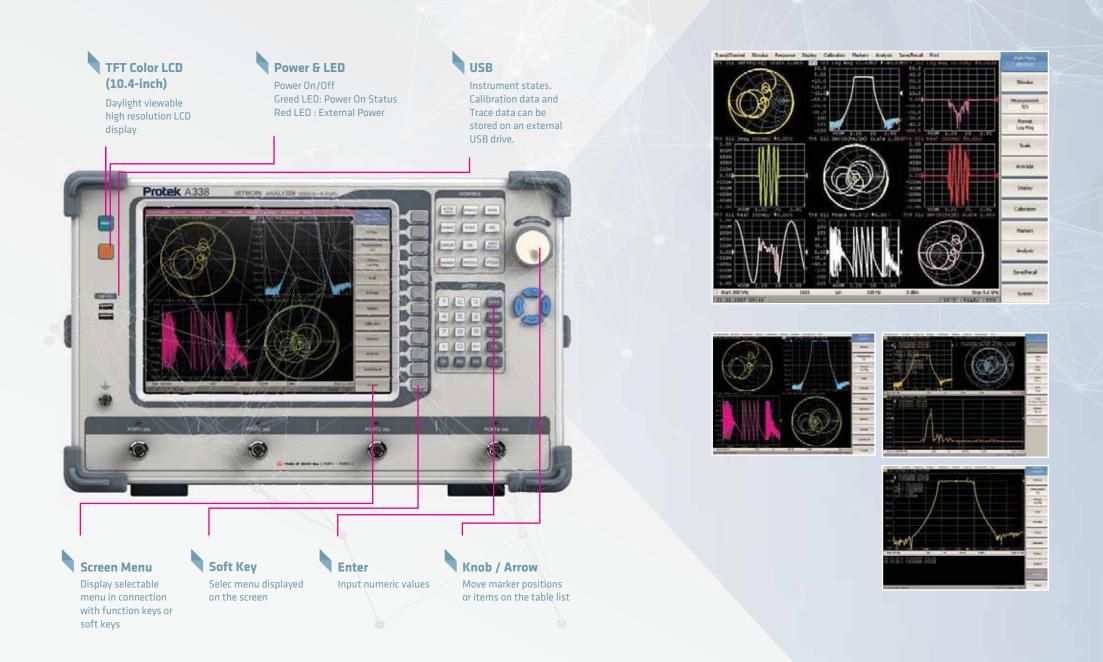
Mixer/Converter Measurements Scalar Mixer / The scalar method allows the user to measure only the magnitude of the transmission coefficient of the mixer and other frequency translating devices. No external mixers **Converter Measurements** or other devices are required. The scalar method employs port frequency offset when there is a difference between the source port frequency and the receiver port frequency. Scalar Mixer / Converter Calibration This is the most accurate method of calibration applied for measurements of mixers in frequency offset mode. Vector Mixer / The vector method allows the measurement of both the magnitude and phase of the mixer transmission coefficient. **Converter Measurements** Vector Mixer / Converter Calibration This method of calibration is applied for vector mixer measurements. **Automatic Frequency** The function performs automatic frequency offset adjustment when the scalar mixer / converter measurements are performed to compensate for internal LO setting inaccuracy Offset Adjustment in the DUT. Trigger Modes : continuous, single, or hold. Sweep Trigger Trigger Sources : internal, manual, external, bus This function performs data transformation from frequency domain into response of the DUT to various stimulus types in time domain. Modeled stimulus types: **Time Domain Measurements** bandpass, lowpass impulse, and lowpass step. Time domain span is set by the user arbitrarily from zero to maximum, which is determined by the frequency step. This function mathematically removes unwanted responses in the time domain, which allows the user to obtain frequency response without influence from fixture **Time Domain Gating** elements. Limit testing is a function of automatic pass/fail judgment for the trace of **Limit Testing** the measurement results. The judgment is based on the comparison of the trace to the limit line set by the user and can consist of one or several segments. The function of conversion of the S-parameters measured at 50 port into the values, Port Impedance Conversion

S-Parameter Conversion

The function allows conversion of the measured S-parameters to the following parameters: reflection impedance and admittance, transmission impedance and admittance, and inverse S-parameters.

which could be determined if measured at a test port with arbitrary impedance.





Technical Specifications

Measurement Range

Impedance Test Port Connector Number of Test Ports Frequency Range Full CW Frequency Accuracy Frequency Setting Resolution Number of Measurement Points Measurement Bandwidths Dynamic Range (IF Bandwidth 10 Hz) From 100 KHz to 300 KHz: From 300 KHz to 8.0GHz:

50Ω	
N-type, Female	
4 300 KHz to 8.0 GH:	M /// ///
±5x10 ⁻⁶	
1Hz	
1 to 500,001	
1 Hz to 30 KHz (wi	th 1/1.5/2/3/5/7 steps)
115 dB, typ. 125 dl	

Measurement Accuracyv

Accuracy of Transmission Measureme	ents (Magnitude / Phase)
+5 dB to +15 dB	0.2 dB / 2°
-50 dB to +5 dB	0.1 dB / 19
-70 dB to -50 dB	
From 100 KHz to 300 KHz:	1.5 dB / 10°
From 300 KHz to 8.0 GHz:	0.2 dB / 2º
-90 dB to -70 dB	
From 300 KHz to 8.0 GHz:	1.0 dB / 6º

Trace Stability

Trace Noise Magnitude	
(IF Bandwidth 3 KHz)	
From 100 KHz to 300 KHz:	5 mdB rms
From 300 KHz to 8.0 GHz:	1 mdB rms
Temperature dependence	0.02 dB
(Per One Degree of Temperature Val	riation)

Test Port

Directivity (without system error correction)

100 KHz to 300 KHz: 15 dB 300 KHz to 8.0 GHz: 18 dB

Test Port Input

Match (without system error correction) Damage Level Damage DC Voltage Noise Level (defined as the rms value of the specified noise floor, IF bandwidth 10 Hz)

3 dB
26 dBm
5 V
rom 100 KHz to 300 KHz: -105 dBm
rom 300 KHz to 8.0 GHz: -125 dBm

Test Port Output Match (without system error correction) Power Range 100 KHz to 6.0 GHz -60 dBm to +10 db 6.0 GHz to 8.0 GHz Power Accuracy ±1.5 dB Power Resolution Harmonics Distortion From 300 KHz to 8.0 GHz: -25 dBc

Measurement Speed

Measurement time per point Source to receiver port switchover time

Typical Cycle Time Versus Number of Measurement Points

		51	201	401	408.3 ms
Start 100 KHz, stop 10 MHz, IF bandwidth 30 KHz	Uncorrected	13.1 ms	51.3 ms	102.3 ms	840.5 ms
	Full Two-port Calibration	45.5 ms	122.0 MS	230.5 ms	157.7 ms
Start 10 MHz, stop 8.0 GHz, IF bandwidth 30 KHz	Uncorrected	6.5 ms		40.5 ms	333.0 ms
	Full Two-port Calibration	32.4 ms	61.7 ms	100.3 ms	

General Data

From 300 KHz to 8.0 GHz:

External Reference Frequency	
External Reference Frequency Input Level Input Impedance at <<10 MHz>> Inp Connector Type	10 MHz 2 dBm ± 3 dB put 50Ω BNC Female
Output Reference Signal	
Output Reference Signal Level at 50Ω Impedance <<0UT 10 MHz>> Connector Type	3 dBm ± 2 dB BNC Female
Atmospheric Tolerances	
Operating Temperature Range Storage Temperature Range Humidity Atmospheric Pressure	+41 to +104 (+5 to +40 -49 to +131 (-45 to +55 90% at 77 (25) 84 to 105.7 kPa

Calibration Frequency	
Calibration Interval	3 years
External PC System Requirer	nents
Operating System	Windows XP
CPU Frequency	1 GHz
RAM	512 MB
Power Supply	
Power Supply	110-240 V, 50/60 Hz
Power Consumption	80 W
Dimensions (L x W x H)	320 x 439 x 238 mm)
Weight	11.7 kg



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